



**Queensland** Government

**Department of Environment and Science**

Environmental Reports

## **Regional Ecosystems**

### ***Biodiversity Status***

For the selected area of interest  
epm: 27951

## Environmental Reports - General Information

The Environmental Reports portal provides for the assessment of selected matters of interest relevant to a user specified location, or area of interest (AOI). All area and derivative figures are relevant to the extent of matters of interest contained within the AOI unless otherwise stated. Please note, if a user selects an AOI via the "central coordinates" option, the resulting assessment area encompasses an area extending for a 2km radius from the input coordinates.

All area and area derived figures included in this report have been calculated via reprojecting relevant spatial features to Albers equal-area conic projection (central meridian = 146, datum Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994). As a result, area figures may differ slightly if calculated for the same features using a different co-ordinate system.

Figures in tables may be affected by rounding.

The matters of interest reported on in this document are based upon available state mapped datasets. Where the report indicates that a matter of interest is not present within the AOI (e.g. where area related calculations are equal to zero, or no values are listed), this may be due either to the fact that state mapping has not been undertaken for the AOI, that state mapping is incomplete for the AOI, or that no matters of interest have been identified within the site.

The information presented in this report should be considered as a guide only and field survey may be required to validate values on the ground.

### Important Note to User

Information presented in this report is based upon the Queensland Herbarium's Regional Ecosystem framework. The Biodiversity Status has been used to depict the extent of "Endangered", "Of Concern" and "No Concern at Present" regional ecosystems in all cases, rather than the classes used for the purposes of the *Vegetation Management Act 1999* (VMA). Mapping and figures presented in this document reflect the Queensland Herbarium's Remnant and Pre-clearing Regional Ecosystem Datasets, and not the certified mapping used for the purpose of the VMA.

For matters relevant to vegetation management under the VMA, please refer to the Department of Resources website <https://www.resources.qld.gov.au/>

Please direct queries about these reports to: Queensland.Herbarium@qld.gov.au

### Disclaimer

Whilst every care is taken to ensure the accuracy of the information provided in this report, the Queensland Government makes no representations or warranties about its accuracy, reliability, completeness, or suitability, for any particular purpose and disclaims all responsibility and all liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages (including indirect or consequential damage) and costs which the user may incur as a consequence of the information being inaccurate or incomplete in any way and for any reason.



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## Summary Information

The following table provides an overview of the AOI with respect to selected topographic and environmental themes. Refer to **Map 1** for locality information.

**Table 1: Area of interest details: epm: 27951**

Size (ha)	13,266.04
Local Government(s)	Mount Isa City
Bioregion(s)	Northwest Highlands
Subregion(s)	Mount Isa Inlier
Catchment(s)	Leichhardt, Nicholson

The table below summarizes the extent of remnant vegetation classed as "Endangered", "Of concern" and "No concern at present" regional ecosystems classified by Biodiversity Status within the area of interest (AOI).

**Table 2: Summary table, biodiversity status of regional ecosystems within the AOI**

Biodiversity Status	Area (Ha)	% of AOI
Endangered	404.96	3.05
Of concern	115.76	0.87
No concern at present	12,745.32	96.07
Total remnant vegetation	13,266.04	100.0

Refer to **Map 2** for further information.

# Regional Ecosystems

## 1. Introduction

Regional ecosystems are vegetation communities in a bioregion that are consistently associated with particular combinations of geology, landform and soil (Sattler and Williams 1999). Descriptions of Queensland's Regional ecosystems are available online from the Regional Ecosystem Description Database (REDD). Descriptions are compiled from a broad range of information sources including vegetation, land system and geology survey and mapping and detailed vegetation site data. The regional ecosystem classification and descriptions are reviewed as new information becomes available. A number of vegetation communities may form a single regional ecosystem and are usually distinguished by differences in dominant species, frequently in the shrub or ground layers and are denoted by a letter following the regional ecosystem code (e.g. a, b, c). Vegetation communities and regional ecosystems are amalgamated into a higher level classification of broad vegetation groups (BVGs).

A published methodology for survey and mapping of regional ecosystems across Queensland (Neldner et al 2022) provides further details on regional ecosystem concepts and terminology.

This report provides information on the type, status, and extent of vegetation communities, regional ecosystems and broad vegetation groups present within a user specified area of interest. Please note, for the purpose of this report, the Biodiversity Status is used. This report has not been developed for application of the *Vegetation Management Act 1999* (VMA). Additionally, information generated in this report has been derived from the Queensland Herbarium's Regional Ecosystem Mapping, and not the regulated mapping certified for the purposes of the VMA. If your interest/matter relates to regional ecosystems and the VMA, users should refer to the Department of Resources website.

<https://www.resources.qld.gov.au/>

With respect to the Queensland Biodiversity Status,

"Endangered" regional ecosystems are described as those where:

- remnant vegetation is less than 10 per cent of its pre-clearing extent across the bioregion; or 10-30% of its pre-clearing extent remains and the remnant vegetation is less than 10,000 hectares, or
- less than 10 per cent of its pre-clearing extent remains unaffected by severe degradation and/or biodiversity loss\*, or
- 10-30 per cent of its pre-clearing extent remains unaffected by severe degradation and/or biodiversity loss and the remnant vegetation is less than 10,000 hectares; or
- it is a rare\*\* regional ecosystem subject to a threatening process.\*\*\*

"Of concern" regional ecosystems are described as those where:

- the degradation criteria listed above for 'Endangered' regional ecosystems are not met and,
- remnant vegetation is 10-30 per cent of its pre-clearing extent across the bioregion; or more than 20 per cent of its pre-clearing extent remains and the remnant extent is less than 10,000 hectares, or
- 10-30 percent of its pre-clearing extent remains unaffected by moderate degradation and/or biodiversity loss.\*\*\*\*

and "No concern at present" regional ecosystems are described as those where:

- remnant vegetation is over 30 per cent of its pre-clearing extent across the bioregion, and the remnant area is greater than 10,000 hectares, and
- the degradation criteria listed above for 'Endangered' or 'Of concern' regional ecosystems are not met.

\**Severe degradation and/or biodiversity loss is defined as: floristic and/or faunal diversity is greatly reduced but unlikely to recover within the next 50 years even with the removal of threatening processes; or soil surface is severely degraded, for example, by loss of A horizon, surface expression of salinity; surface compaction, loss of organic matter or sheet erosion.*

\*\**Rare regional ecosystem: pre-clearing extent (1000 ha); or patch size (100 ha and of limited total extent across its range).*

\*\*\**Threatening processes are those that are reducing or will reduce the biodiversity and ecological integrity of a regional ecosystem. For example, clearing, weed invasion, fragmentation, inappropriate fire regime or grazing pressure, or infrastructure development.*

\*\*\*\*Moderate degradation and/or biodiversity loss is defined as: floristic and/or faunal diversity is greatly reduced but unlikely to recover within the next 20 years even with the removal of threatening processes; or soil surface is moderately degraded.

## 2. Remnant Regional Ecosystems

The following table identifies the remnant regional ecosystems and vegetation communities mapped within the AOI and provides their short descriptions, Biodiversity Status, and remnant extent within the selected AOI. Please note, where heterogeneous vegetated patches (mixed patches of remnant vegetation mapped as containing multiple regional ecosystems) occur within the AOI, they have been split and listed as individual regional ecosystems (or vegetation communities where present) for the purposes of the table below. In such instances, associated area figures have been generated based upon the estimated proportion of each regional ecosystem (or vegetation community) predicted to be present within the larger mixed patch.

**Table 3: Remnant regional ecosystems, description and status within the AOI**

Regional Ecosystem	Short Description	BD Status	Area (Ha)	% of AOI
1.11.11	Triodia spp. hummock grassland on metamorphic hills (south)	No concern at present	82.82	0.62
1.11.2a	Eucalyptus leucophloia low open woodland	No concern at present	7,038.78	53.06
1.11.6	Corymbia terminalis and Lysiphyllum cunninghamii low open woodland on folded limestones	No concern at present	57.18	0.43
1.11.8	Terminalia aridicola and/or Corymbia aspera low open woodland to low woodland, usually with vine-scrub species, on rock outcrops	No concern at present	26.33	0.2
1.3.10	Mixed tussock grassland on shallow alluvium	Of concern	115.76	0.87
1.3.13a	Eucalyptus leucophylla woodland on levees and minor drainage lines	No concern at present	1,630.26	12.29
1.3.15	Eucalyptus pruinosa low woodland on recent alluvium	No concern at present	349.42	2.63
1.3.5	Corymbia polycarpa, C. bella, C. grandifolia and Eucalyptus chlorophylla in mixed woodlands on sandy levees in the north	No concern at present	564.54	4.26
1.3.6a	Corymbia aparrerinja, Corymbia terminalis woodland on sandy levees	No concern at present	348.79	2.63
1.3.6b	Corymbia aparrerinja, Corymbia terminalis woodland on sandy levees	No concern at present	119.32	0.9
1.3.7a	Eucalyptus camaldulensis woodland on channels and levees	Endangered	47.05	0.35
1.3.7b	Eucalyptus camaldulensis woodland on channels and levees	Endangered	199.99	1.51
1.3.7f	Eucalyptus camaldulensis woodland on channels and levees	Endangered	157.91	1.19
1.5.13	Eucalyptus pruinosa low open woodland on older alluvial and residual soils	No concern at present	410.07	3.09
1.5.3	Eucalyptus leucophloia low open woodland to woodland on sandy and gravelly red soils	No concern at present	1,792.21	13.51
1.5.4d	Eucalyptus leucophylla and/or Corymbia terminalis low open woodland on red earths	No concern at present	29.63	0.22
1.7.5b	Acacia shirleyi low woodland on lateritic scarps and hills	No concern at present	119.38	0.9

Regional Ecosystem	Short Description	BD Status	Area (Ha)	% of AOI
1.7.7a	Corymbia capricornia +/- Eucalyptus leucophloia or E. miniata low open woodland on silcrete	No concern at present	176.59	1.33

Refer to **Map 2** for further information. **Map 3** also provides a visual estimate of the distribution of regional ecosystems present before clearing.

**Table 4** provides further information in regards to the remnant regional ecosystems present within the AOI. Specifically, the extent of remnant vegetation remaining within the bioregion, the 1:1,000,000 broad vegetation group (BVG) classification, whether the regional ecosystem is identified as a wetland, and extent of representation in Queensland's Protected Area Estate. For a description of the vegetation communities within the AOI and classified according to the 1:1,000,000 BVG, refer to **Table 6**.

**Table 4: Remnant regional ecosystems within the AOI, additional information**

Regional Ecosystem	Remnant Extent	BVG (1 Million)	Wetland	Representation in protected estate
1.11.11	Pre-clearing 17000 ha; Remnant 2021 17000 ha	33b	Not a Wetland	No representation
1.11.2a	Pre-clearing 1245000 ha; Remnant 2021 1239000 ha	19a	Not a Wetland	Low
1.11.6	Pre-clearing 16000 ha; Remnant 2021 16000 ha	19b	Not a Wetland	No representation
1.11.8	Pre-clearing 30000 ha; Remnant 2021 30000 ha	27c	Not a Wetland	No representation
1.3.10	Pre-clearing 6000 ha; Remnant 2021 6000 ha	30a	Not a Wetland	Low
1.3.13a	Pre-clearing 151000 ha; Remnant 2021 150000 ha	19b	Not a Wetland	Low
1.3.15	Pre-clearing 45000 ha; Remnant 2021 45000 ha	19c	Riverine	Low
1.3.5	Pre-clearing 39000 ha; Remnant 2021 39000 ha	19b	Riverine	High
1.3.6a	Pre-clearing 76000 ha; Remnant 2021 76000 ha	19b	Riverine	Low
1.3.6b	Pre-clearing 76000 ha; Remnant 2021 76000 ha	19b	Riverine	Low
1.3.7a	Pre-clearing 163000 ha; Remnant 2021 162000 ha	16a	Riverine	Medium
1.3.7b	Pre-clearing 163000 ha; Remnant 2021 162000 ha	16a	Riverine	Medium
1.3.7f	Pre-clearing 163000 ha; Remnant 2021 162000 ha	16a	Riverine	Medium
1.5.13	Pre-clearing 320000 ha; Remnant 2021 319000 ha	19c	Not a Wetland	Low
1.5.3	Pre-clearing 290000 ha; Remnant 2021 289000 ha	19a	Not a Wetland	Low
1.5.4d	Pre-clearing 356000 ha; Remnant 2021 352000 ha	19b	Not a Wetland	Low
1.7.5b	Pre-clearing 111000 ha; Remnant 2021 110000 ha	24a	Not a Wetland	Low

Regional Ecosystem	Remnant Extent	BVG (1 Million)	Wetland	Representation in protected estate
1.7.7a	Pre-clearing 575000 ha; Remnant 2021 575000 ha	19a	Not a Wetland	High

*Representation in Protected Area Estate: High greater than 10% of pre-clearing extent is represented; Medium 4 - 10% is represented; Low less than 4% is represented, No representation.*

The distribution of mapped wetland systems within the area of interest is displayed in **Map 6**.

The following table lists known special values associated with a regional ecosystem type.

**Table 5: Remnant regional ecosystems within the AOI, special values**

Regional Ecosystem	Special Values
1.11.11	None
1.11.2a	1.11.2: Potential habitat for NCA listed species: Eucalyptus nudicaulis, Ipomoea antonschmidii, Solanum carduiforme, Trachymene glandulosa.
1.11.6	None
1.11.8	1.11.8: Potential habitat for NCA listed species: Eucalyptus nudicaulis.
1.3.10	None
1.3.13a	1.3.13: Potential habitat for NCA listed species: Ipomoea antonschmidii, Ptilotus maconochiei.
1.3.15	None
1.3.5	None
1.3.6a	1.3.6: Significant sub-regional fauna habitat due to the number and size of trees with hollows. 1.3.6b: Significant sub-regional fauna habitat due to the number and size of trees with hollows. 1.3.6e: Significant sub-regional fauna habitat due to the number and size of trees with hollows.
1.3.6b	1.3.6: Significant sub-regional fauna habitat due to the number and size of trees with hollows. 1.3.6b: Significant sub-regional fauna habitat due to the number and size of trees with hollows. 1.3.6e: Significant sub-regional fauna habitat due to the number and size of trees with hollows.
1.3.7a	1.3.7: Important seasonal water bird habitat; regional corridor for fauna.
1.3.7b	1.3.7: Important seasonal water bird habitat; regional corridor for fauna.
1.3.7f	1.3.7: Important seasonal water bird habitat; regional corridor for fauna.
1.5.13	None
1.5.3	None
1.5.4d	1.5.4: Potential habitat for NCA listed species: Ipomoea antonschmidii.
1.7.5b	None
1.7.7a	1.7.7: Potential habitat for NCA listed species: Ipomoea antonschmidii.



### 3. Remnant Regional Ecosystems by Broad Vegetation Group

BVGs are a higher-level grouping of vegetation communities. Queensland encompasses a wide variety of landscapes across temperate, wet and dry tropics and semi-arid climatic zones. BVGs provide an overview of vegetation communities across the state or a bioregion and allow comparison with other states. There are three levels of BVGs which reflect the approximate scale at which they are designed to be used: the 1:5,000,000 (national), 1:2,000,000 (state) and 1:1,000,000 (regional) scales.

A comprehensive description of BVGs is available at:

<https://publications.qld.gov.au/dataset/redd/resource/>

The following table provides a description of the 1:1,000,000 BVGs present and their associated extent within the AOI.

**Table 6: Broad vegetation groups (1 million) within the AOI**

BVG (1 Million)	Description	Area (Ha)	% of AOI
16a	Open forest and woodlands dominated by <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> (river red gum) (or <i>E. tereticornis</i> (blue gum)) and/or <i>E. coolabah</i> (coolabah) (or <i>E. microtheca</i> (coolabah)) fringing drainage lines. Associated species may include <i>Melaleuca</i> spp., <i>Corymbia tessellaris</i> (carbeen), <i>Angophora</i> spp., <i>Casuarina cunninghamiana</i> (riveroak). Does not include alluvial areas dominated by herb and grasslands or alluvial plains that are not flooded.	404.96	3.05
19a	Low open woodlands dominated by <i>Eucalyptus leucophloia</i> (snappy gum) with <i>Triodia</i> spp. dominated ground layer, mainly on hills and ranges.	9,007.58	67.9
19b	Low open woodlands dominated by <i>Eucalyptus leucophylla</i> (Cloncurry box) or less extensively <i>Corymbia terminalis</i> (long-fruited bloodwood) low open woodlands and related associations, mainly lower slopes and valleys.	2,749.72	20.73
19c	Low open woodlands dominated by <i>Eucalyptus pruinosa</i> low open woodlands on sandplains, outwash areas and lateritised surfaces.	759.49	5.73
24a	Low woodlands to tall shrublands dominated by <i>Acacia</i> spp. on residuals. Species include <i>A. shirleyi</i> (lancewood), <i>A. catenulata</i> (bendee), <i>A. microsperma</i> (bowyakka), <i>A. clivicola</i> , <i>A. sibirica</i> , <i>A. rhodoxylon</i> (rosewood) and <i>A. leptostachya</i> (Townsville wattle).	119.38	0.9
27c	Low open woodlands dominated by a variety of species including <i>Grevillea striata</i> (beefwood), <i>Acacia</i> spp., <i>Terminalia</i> spp. or <i>Cochlospermum</i> spp.	26.33	0.2
30a	Tussock grasslands dominated by <i>Astrelba</i> spp. (mitchell grass) or <i>Dichanthium</i> spp. (bluegrass) often with <i>Eulalia aurea</i> (silky browntop) on alluvia.	115.76	0.87
33b	Hummock grasslands dominated by <i>Triodia pungens</i> or <i>T. longiceps</i> (giant grey spinifex) or <i>T. mitchellii</i> (buck spinifex) sandplains.	82.82	0.62

Refer to **Map 4** for further information. **Map 5** also provides a representation of the distribution of vegetation communities as per the 1:5,000,000 BVG believed to be present prior to European settlement.

### 4. Technical and BioCondition Benchmark Descriptions

Technical descriptions provide a detailed description of the full range in structure and floristic composition of regional ecosystems (e.g. 11.3.1) and their component vegetation communities (e.g. 11.3.1a, 11.3.1b). See:

<http://www.qld.gov.au/environment/plants-animals/plants/ecosystems/technical-descriptions/>

The descriptions are compiled using site survey data from the Queensland Herbarium's QBEIS database. Distribution maps, representative images (if available) and the pre-clearing and remnant extent (hectares) of each vegetation community derived from the regional ecosystem mapping data are included. The technical descriptions should be used in conjunction with the fields from the regional ecosystem description database (REDD) for a full description of the regional ecosystem.

Technical descriptions include data on canopy height, canopy cover and native plant species composition of the predominant layer, which are attributes relevant to assessment of the remnant status of vegetation under the *Vegetation Management Act 1999*. However, as technical descriptions reflect the full range in structure and floristic composition across the climatic, natural disturbance and geographic range of the regional ecosystem, local reference sites should be used for remnant assessment where possible (Neldner et al. 2022 (PDF)\* section 3.3 of:

<https://publications.qld.gov.au/dataset/redd/resource/>

The technical descriptions are subject to review and are updated as additional data becomes available.

When conducting a BioCondition assessment, these technical descriptions should be used in conjunction with BioCondition benchmarks for the specific regional ecosystem, or component vegetation community.

<http://www.qld.gov.au/environment/plants-animals/biodiversity/benchmarks/>

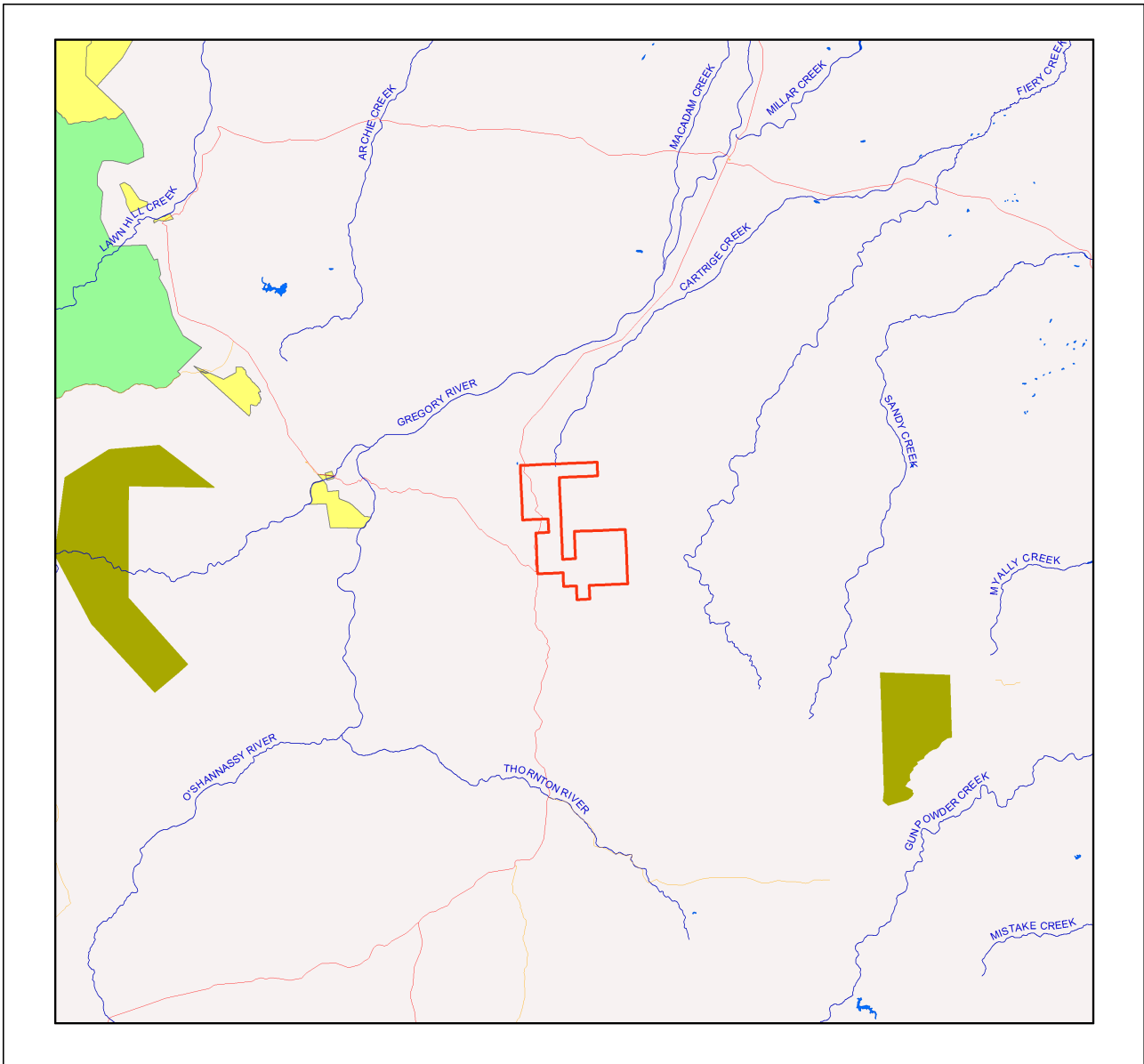
Benchmarks are based on a combination of quantitative and qualitative information and should be used as a guide only. Benchmarks are specific to one regional ecosystem vegetation community, however, the natural variability in structure and floristic composition under a range of climatic and natural disturbance regimes has been considered throughout the geographic extent of the regional ecosystem. Local reference sites should be used for this spatial and temporal (seasonal and annual) variability.

**Table 7: List of remnant regional ecosystems within the AOI for which technical and biocondition benchmark descriptions are available**

Regional ecosystems mapped as within the AOI	Technical Descriptions	Biocondition Benchmarks
1.11.11	Available	Not currently available
1.11.2a	Available	Not currently available
1.11.6	Available	Not currently available
1.11.8	Available	Not currently available
1.3.10	Available	Not currently available
1.3.13a	Available	Not currently available
1.3.15	Available	Not currently available
1.3.5	Available	Not currently available
1.3.6a	Available	Not currently available
1.3.6b	Available	Not currently available
1.3.7a	Available	Not currently available
1.3.7b	Available	Not currently available
1.3.7f	Available	Not currently available
1.5.13	Available	Not currently available
1.5.3	Available	Not currently available
1.5.4d	Available	Not currently available
1.7.5b	Available	Not currently available
1.7.7a	Available	Not currently available

# Maps

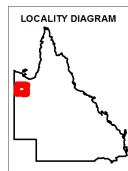
## Map 1 - Location



### Locality Map

#### Legend

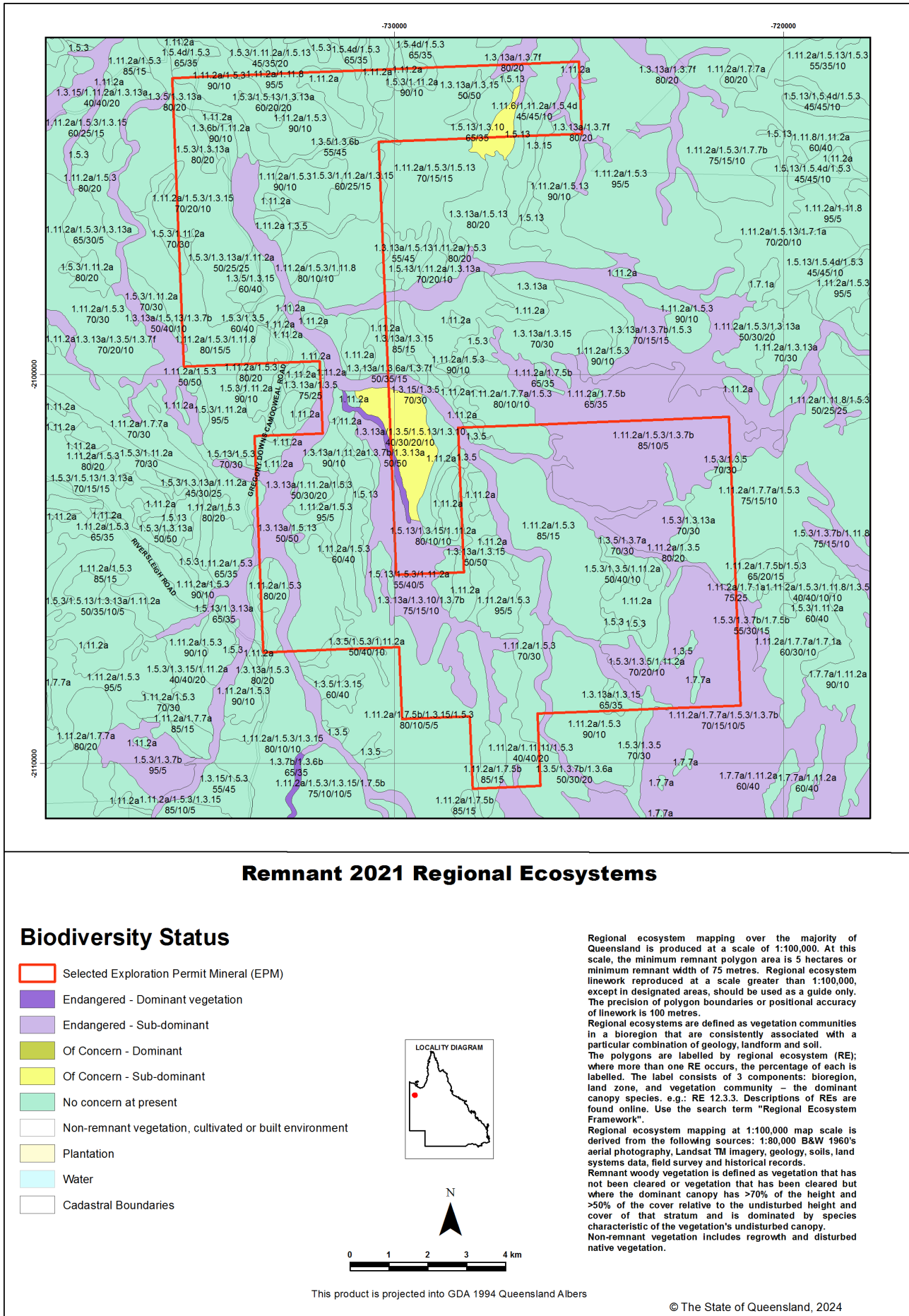
- Selected Exploration Permit Mineral (EPM)
- Towns
- Highway
- Connector
- Street/Local Road
- Reservoirs
- Lakes
- National Park (Scientific)
- National Park
- National Park (CYPAL)
- Conservation Park
- Resources Reserve
- Forest Reserve
- State Forest
- Timber Reserve
- Nature Refuges
- Coordinated Conservation Areas
- Major rivers/creeks
- Queensland



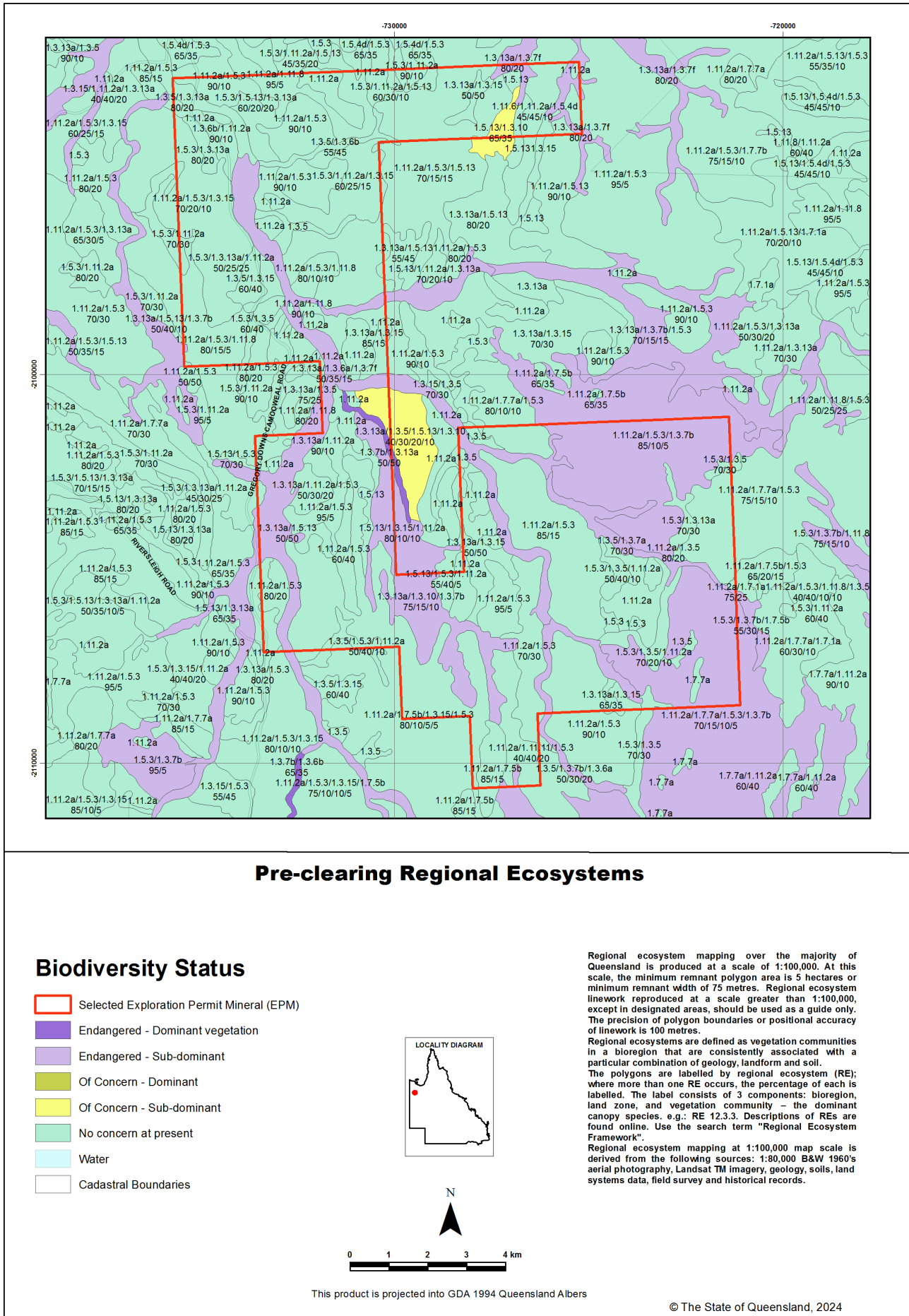
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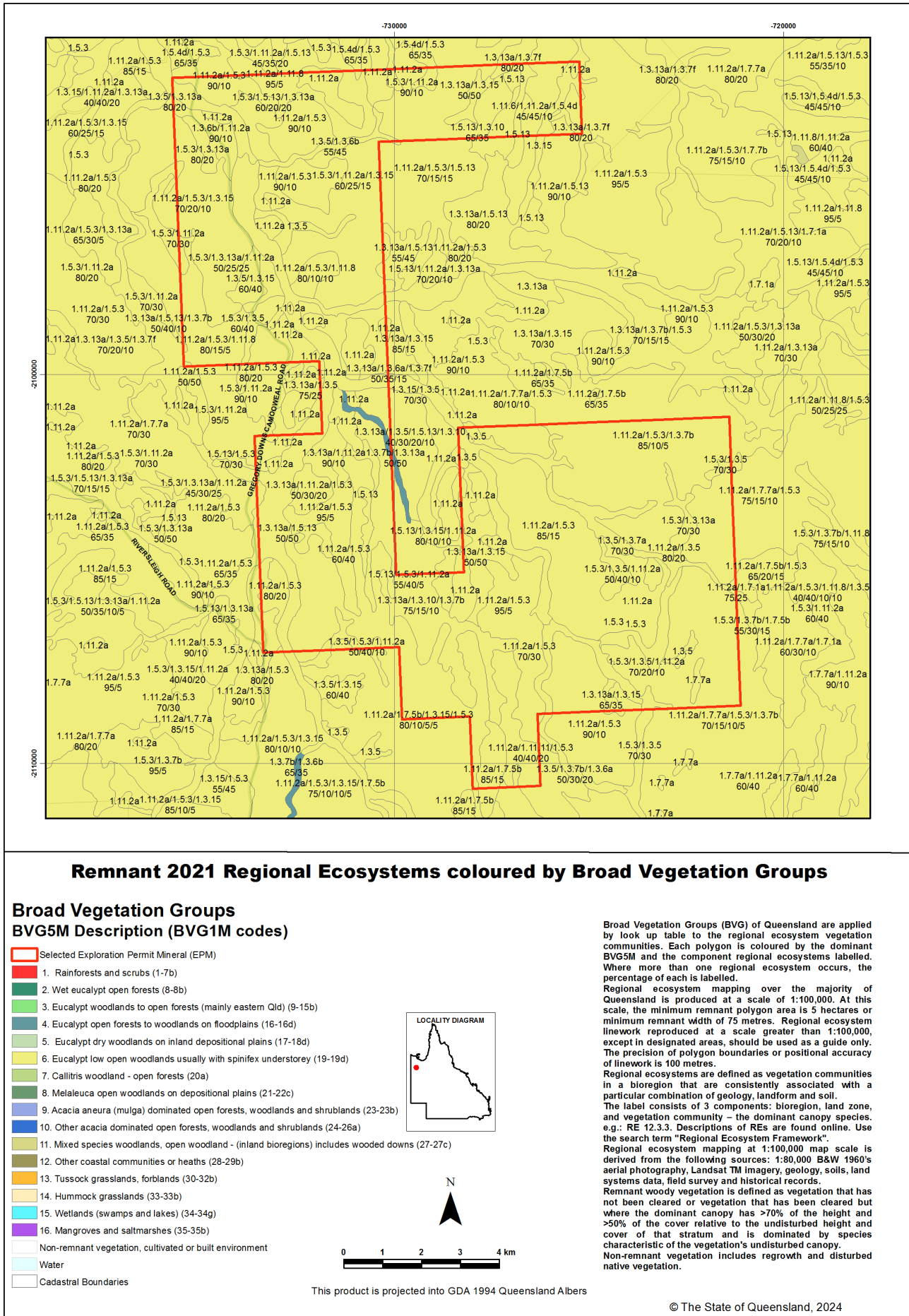
# Map 2 - Remnant 2021 regional ecosystems



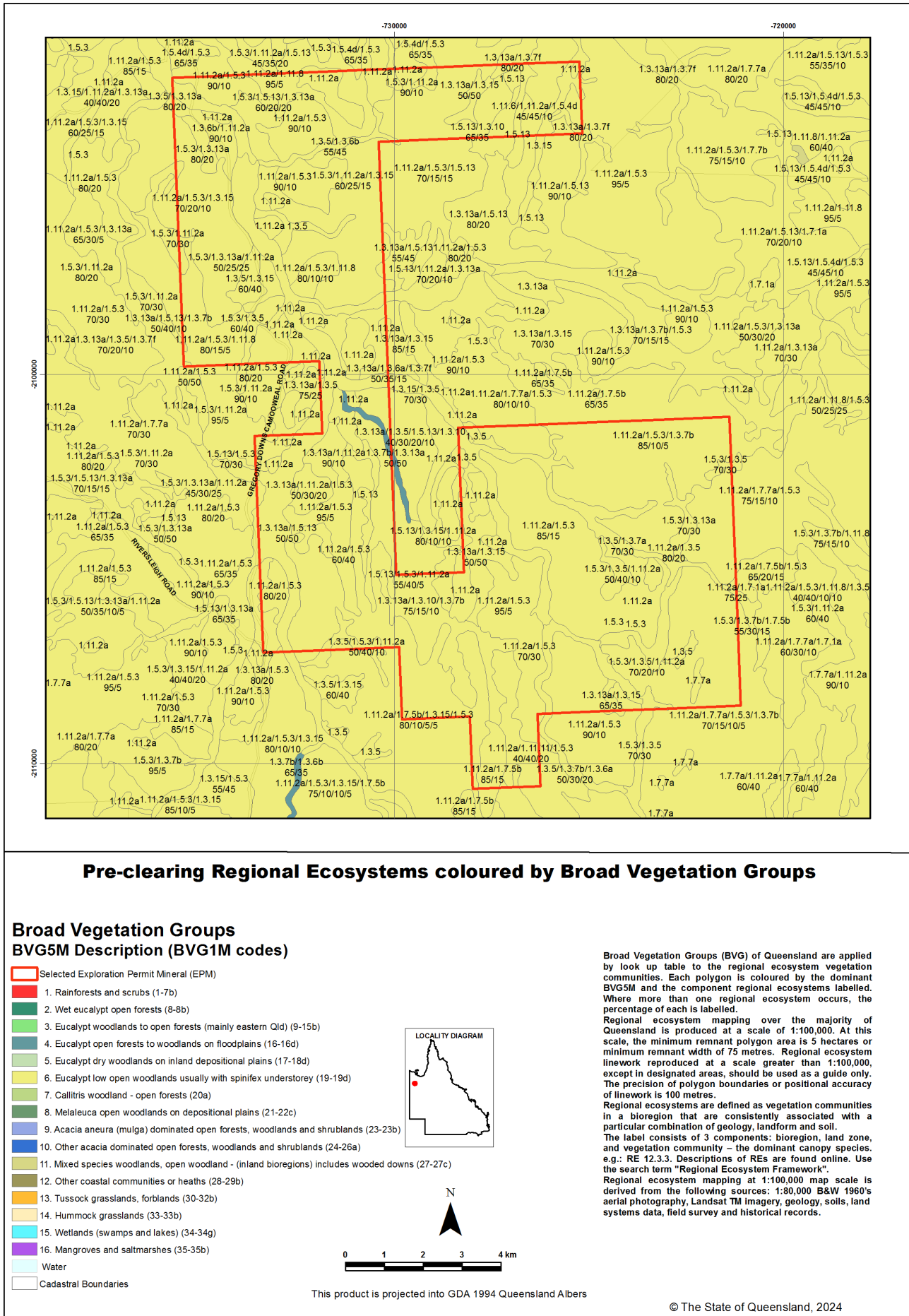
### Map 3 - Pre-clearing regional ecosystems



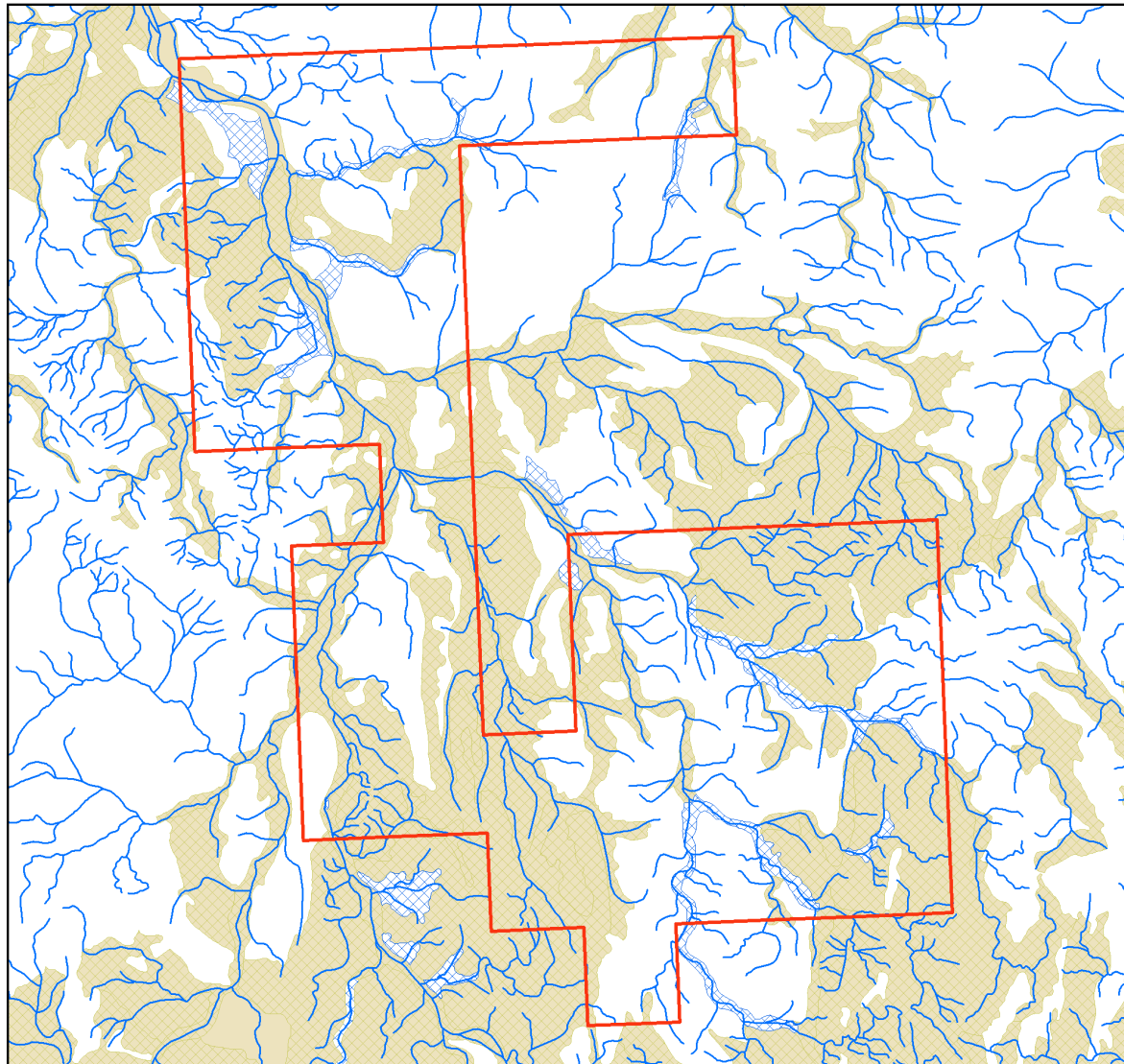
# Map 4 - Remnant 2021 regional ecosystems by BVG (5M)



# Map 5 - Pre-clearing regional ecosystems by BVG (5M)



### Map 6 - Wetlands and waterways



**Legend**

Selected Exploration Permit Mineral (EPM)

Towns

**Queensland Wetland Data**

Riverine Drainage Lines

Springs

**Wetland Type**

**Hydrologically natural Wetlands**

Lacustrine Wetlands (hydrologically natural)

Palustrine Wetlands (hydrologically natural)

Riverine Wetlands (hydrologically natural)

Intertidal Wetlands (hydrologically natural)

Subtidal Wetlands (hydrologically natural)

Intertidal/Subtidal Wetlands (hydrologically natural)

**Hydrologically Modified and Artificial Wetlands**

Lacustrine Wetlands (hydrologically modified or artificial)

Palustrine Wetlands (hydrologically modified or artificial)

Riverine Wetlands (hydrologically modified or artificial)

Intertidal Wetlands (hydrologically modified or artificial)

Subtidal Wetlands (hydrologically modified or artificial)

Intertidal/Subtidal Wetlands (hydrologically modified or artificial)

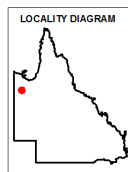
**Subdominant Wetlands**

Subdominant Wetlands (51 - 80%)

**Contains Wetlands**

Contains Wetlands (1 - 50%)

### Queensland Wetland Data



Accuracy information: The positional accuracy of wetland data mapped at a scale of 1:100,000 is +/-100m with a minimum polygon size of 5ha or 75m wide for linear features, except for areas along the east coast which are mapped at the 1:50,000 scale with a positional accuracy of +/-50m, with a minimum polygon size of 1ha or 35m wide for linear features. Wetlands smaller than 1ha are not delineated on the wetland data. Consideration of the effects of mapped scale is necessary when interpreting data at a larger scale, e.g. 1:25,000. For property assessment, digital linework should be used as a guide only. The extent of wetlands depicted on this map is based on rectified 2013 Landsat ETM+ imagery supplied by Statewide Landcover and Trees Study (SLATS), Department of Environment and Science. The extent of water bodies is based on the maximum extent of inundation derived from available Landsat imagery up to and including the 2013 imagery.

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This product is projected into GDA 1994 Queensland Albers



## Links and Other Information Sources

The Department of Environment and Science's Website -

<http://www.qld.gov.au/environment/plants-animals/plants/ecosystems/>

provides further information on the regional ecosystem framework, including access to links to the Regional Ecosystem Database, Broad Vegetation Group Definitions, Regional Ecosystem and Land zone descriptions.

Descriptions of the broad vegetation groups of Queensland can be downloaded from:

<https://publications.qld.gov.au/dataset/redd/resource/>

The methodology for mapping regional ecosystems can be downloaded from:

<https://publications.qld.gov.au/dataset/redd/resource/>

Technical descriptions for regional ecosystems can be obtained from:

<http://www.qld.gov.au/environment/plants-animals/plants/ecosystems/technical-descriptions/>

Benchmarks can be obtained from:

<http://www.qld.gov.au/environment/plants-animals/biodiversity/benchmarks/>

For further information associated with the remnant regional ecosystem dataset used by this report, refer to the metadata associated with the Biodiversity status of pre-clearing and Remnant Regional Ecosystems of Queensland dataset (version listed in **Appendix 1**) which is available through the Queensland Government Information System portal,

<http://dds.information.qld.gov.au/dds/>

The Queensland Globe is a mapping and data application. As an interactive online tool, Queensland Globe allows you to view and explore Queensland maps, imagery (including up-to-date satellite images) and other spatial data, including regional ecosystem mapping. To further view and explore regional ecosystems over an area of interest, access the Biota Globe (a component of the Queensland Globe). The Queensland Globe can be accessed via the following link:

<https://qldglobe.information.qld.gov.au/>

## References

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Neldner, V.J., Wilson, B.A., Dillewaard, H.A., Ryan, T.S., Butler, D.W., McDonald, W.J.F., Addicott, E.P. and Appelman, C.N. (2022). Methodology for survey and mapping of regional ecosystems and vegetation communities in Queensland. Version 6.0. Updated April 2022. Queensland Herbarium, Queensland Department of Environment and Science, Brisbane.

<https://publications.qld.gov.au/dataset/redd/resource/6dee78ab-c12c-4692-9842-b7257c2511e4>

Sattler, P.S. and Williams, R.D. (eds) (1999). *The Conservation Status of Queensland's Bioregional Ecosystems*. Environmental Protection Agency, Brisbane.

## Appendices

### Appendix 1 - Source Data

The dataset listed below is available for download from:

<http://www.qld.gov.au/environment/plants-animals/plants/ecosystems/download/>

- Regional Ecosystem Description Database

The datasets listed below are available for download from:

<http://dds.information.qld.gov.au/dds/>

- Biodiversity status of pre-clearing and 2021 remnant regional ecosystems of Queensland
- Pre-clearing Vegetation Communities and Regional Ecosystems of Queensland
- Queensland Wetland Data Version - Wetland lines
- Queensland Wetland Data Version - Wetland points
- Queensland Wetland Data Version - Wetland areas

## Appendix 2 - Acronyms and Abbreviations

AOI	- Area of Interest
GDA94	- Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994
GIS	- Geographic Information System
RE	- Regional Ecosystem
REDD	- Regional Ecosystem Description Database
VMA	- <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i>